

Week 18 Side 1

Jewish Literacy Programme Y<u>ear 5 ~ Week 18</u>

Chumash Words / Phrases English Translation poor person / he gave Tzedakah to the poor person עָנִי \ וַיִּתֵּן צִדָקָה אֵל הָעָנִי טוֹב \ רְאוּבֵן הָיָה יֵלֵד טוֹב **good** / Reuven was a **good** boy **bad** / he made a promise not to be **bad** any more רע \ ויעש נדר לא להיות רע עוד **field** / he called to the dog in the **field** שַׁדֵּ*ה* \ וַיִּקָרָא אֵל הַכֵּלֶב בַּשַׂדֵ*ה* בּיִת \ וַיִּשִׁמַע קוֹל קַטַן בְּתוֹדְ הַבַּיִת **house** / he heard a small voice inside the **house** אַדָּם \ וַיַּרָא אַדָּם לְבַדוֹ בַּחַצָר **man, person** / he saw **a man** alone in the courtyard

Explanation

Richards 201

Our Great Leaders (3)

The word "gaon" means genius. Rabbi Eliyahu's great abilities began to show at a very early age. As young as three years old he had committed Tanach to memory, at the age of seven he gave his first public shiur, and by the time he was ten he no longer needed a teacher. // He tried to hide his great righteousness and amazing knowledge, but he soon became famous as a great הַלָמִיד חָכָם. He was known for his greatness in the study of תַּלְמוּד and הָבָלָה, but he also mastered astronomy, mathematics and music. // The Gaon's great kindness was also well known. Despite his own poverty, he gave much of his own money to help others in need. // For many years the Gaon desired to travel to אָרָץ יָשָׂרָאָל and settle there. He actually began the journey at one point, but, for some reason we do not know, was unable to complete the trip.

Adapted from: www.ou.org/judaism-101/bios/ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vilna_Gaon

Rabbi Chaim of Volozhin was the greatest student of the Vilna Gaon and the founder of the great Volozhin Yeshiva in 1802. Rabbi Chaim wrote the Nefesh HaChaim in which he explains the power of Torah study and the fulfillment of mitzvot for bringing a Jew close to Hashem.

The Chafetz Chaim was a great and holy Rabbi, famous for his love of others and his deep wish to bring people together through proper behaviour ' בִין אָדָם לְחֵבֶרוֹ ' - between a man and his fellow.

The Chafetz Chaim wrote many important sefarim, including the great 'Mishnah Berurah' (a commentary on part of the Shulchan Aruch), 'Chafetz Chaim' (on the laws of avoiding forbidden speech) and 'Ahavat Chessed' ('Love of Kindness,'on the laws between man and man).

The 'Chazon Ish' devoted his life to the study of Torah, although he also learned sciences such as astronomy, anatomy, and mathematics, since he felt that a knowledge of these subjects was necessary for a full understanding of Jewish law and practice. In Vilna in 1911, Rav Karelitz began publishing the work for which he is best known, the 'Chazon Ish.'

In 1933, he moved to Eretz Yisrael and settled in Bnei B'rak. He became known as a worldwide authority on all matters relating to Jewish law and life.



G.K. Words

הַגְרַ"א

"The Gra"

הַ**גַּ**אוֹן **רַ**בִּי **אֵ**ליַהוּ

The Vilna Gaon

(1720 - 1797)

Rabbi Chaim of Volozhin (1749-1821)

The Chafetz Chaim Rabbi Yisrael Meir Kagan HaKohen (1838 - 1933)



Rabbi Avraham Yeshava Karelitz (1878 -1953)

The Chazon Ish

יסְדָרָה This week's סְדָרָה:

Adapted from https://www.ou.org/judaism-101/bios